

## **Seagrass beds**

- Made up of common eelgrass (Zostera marina)
- Nationally scarce
- Stabilises sediment, absorbs wave energy and creates nursery habitats for commercial fish species



European spiny lobster (Palinurus elphas)

- Red-brown in colour
- Long antennae and small hook-like claws
- Can grow to 50cm body length, usually no more than 40cm
- Found on exposed rock faces and rocky seabed

More information on PMFs in Scotland and how they are protected can be found on the Scottish Natural Heritage website:

www.nature.scot/professional-advice/safeguarding-protected-areas-and-species/priority-marine-features-scotlands-seas

More information on the species in this guide can be found on The Marine Life Information Network website: www.marlin.ac.uk

# Please report your sightings to:

**Marine Spatial Planning Team** 

Phone: 01595 772000

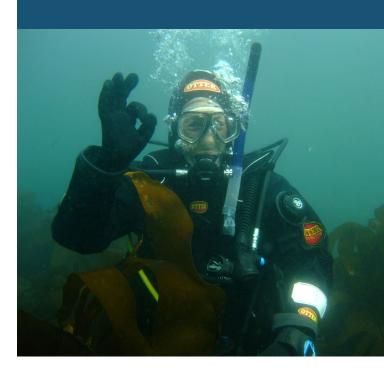
E-mail: marineplan@uhi.ac.uk

#### Please include:

- Species
- Date
- Your name
- Location including co-ordinates
- Depth
- Photograph (if available)







How to Report Sightings of: Priority Marine Features (PMFs)

**Information for Divers** 



### Maerl

- Pink when alive, white when dead
- Grows very slowly
- Create beds which are an important habitat and nursery area for many species
- Prefer areas of tidal flow



## Native oyster (Ostrea edulis)

- Attached to rocks on muddy bottom
- Grows up to 11cm long
- Nationally rare, previously widespread in Shetland
- Recorded in Weisdale Voe



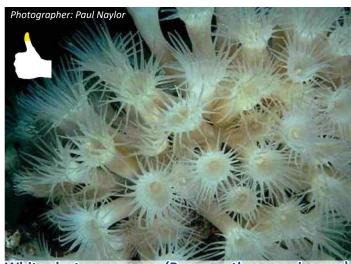
Horse mussel beds (Modiolus modiolus)

- Adults commonly up to 15cm in length, dark brown in colour
- May be found as scattered individuals or in dense beds.



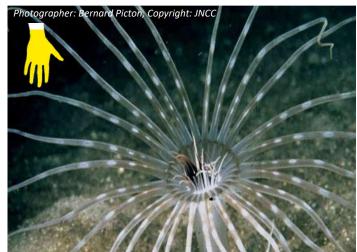
Fan mussel (Atrina fragilis)

- Grows up to 37cm in length
- One-two thirds of the shell is embedded in the mud or sand
- Nationally scarce, one of the most endangered molluscs in the UK
- Historic offshore records from around Shetland



White cluster anemone (Parazoanthus anguicomus)

- Colonial anemone, each polyp up to 25mm tall, 8mm diameter
- White in colour, sometimes tinted with buff or pink
- Found on rocky overhangs
- Nationally scarce. has been recorded in waters around Papa Stour and Green Holm



Burrowing anemone (Arachnanthus sarsi)

- Very large, up to 20cm high
- Lives buried in mud, sand or shelly mud. Found at depths of around 10-36m
- May be nocturnal
- One historical Shetland record from Lunna Kirk
- Not to be confused with the tube anemone (*Cerianthus lloydii*)